

# PA15 PC31 FCPF Third Evaluation

19<sup>th</sup> October 2022 Washington, DC



### **Session Overview**

	Agenda		
9:30 – 9:35	Introduction and opening remarks		
9:35 – 9:50	Evaluation objectives, approach, timeline and process		
9:50 – 10:10	Evaluation scope and key focus areas		
10:10 – 10:30	Q&A and discussion		





#### Objectives, purpose, and use

- Inform and strengthen current FCPF programming and related REDD+ activities, as well as future investments.
- Provide a final evaluation of the FCPF Readiness Fund and examine ongoing implementation of the FCPF Carbon Fund.
- Provide accountability to financial contributors and other stakeholders for progress obtained and results achieved.

The **primary users and uses** of the evaluation are:



Inform decisions about FCPF policies, practices, and investments.



Strengthen FCPF implementation activities and impact.



Help to shape and improve new Result-Based Climate Finance trust funds such SCALE Pillar 1 and EnABLE



**Enhance REDD+ programming both within FCPF and other initiatives.** 



Inform efforts to further strengthen the equitable benefit and impact of FCPF and other REDD+ programs.

# Evaluation approach

- The evaluation is guided by the FCPF M&E Framework, as well as recent discussions and activities such as the country baseline studies.
- It will assess the FCPF against applicable standard OECD-DAC International Evaluation Criteria of relevance, coherence, effectiveness, efficiency, sustainability, and impact.
- It is expected to answer a set of key evaluation and learning questions to assess both the FCPF's approach and structure, as well as to appraise progress on outputs and outcomes and provide key lessons from its programs.
- The evaluation will be implemented by an independent, thirdparty evaluation firm, with an oversight of the EOC.





#### **DAC Criteria**

#### RELEVANCE

is the intervention doing the right things?

#### **EFFECTIVENESS**

is the intervention achieving its objectives?

#### **IMPACT**

what difference does the intervention make?



#### COHERENCE

how well does the intervention fit?

#### **EFFICIENCY**

how well are resources being used?

#### SUSTAINABILITY

will the benefits last?

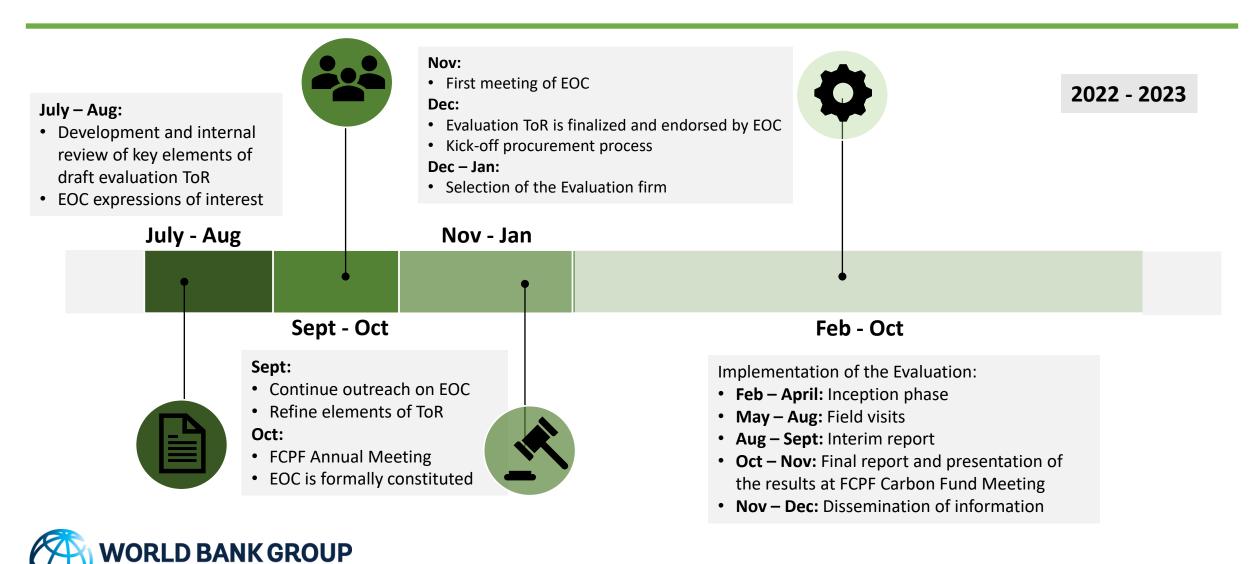




Source: OECD/DAC

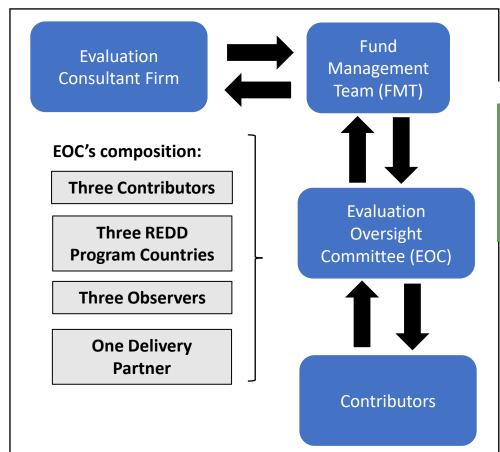
# Timeline and process

Climate Change



# **Evaluation Management and Oversight**

- The EOC will be responsible for overseeing and advising the evaluation process to help ensure the quality and timely conduct of the activities and the dissemination and uptake of key findings.
- The FMT will facilitate interactions between the committee and the evaluators. Any additional input necessary from the FMT will be determined in coordination with the committee.







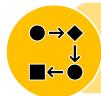
# **Evaluation Management and Oversight**

#### **EOC's nomination:**

Contributors	REDD Program Countries	Observers	Delivery Partner
<ul> <li>Chloe Enevoldsen (UK):         ICF Monitoring and             Evaluation Advisor     </li> <li>Sophie Le Noble (Canada):             Policy Analyst, Canadian             Forest Service</li> <li>Peter Corcoran (Australia):             Assistant Director - Blue             Carbon and International             Partnerships</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Stepi Hakim: REDD representative in Indonesia</li> <li>Destin Lokegna: REDD representative in Republic of Congo</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Freeman Elohor Oluowo:         Centre Coordinator at the         African Centre for Climate         Actions and Rural         Development (ACCARD)</li> <li>Elizabeth Jeiyol: Gender &amp;         Environmental Risk         Reduction Initiative</li> </ul>	Efrian Muharrom: TTL - WB, for FCPF and ISFL in Indonesia

## Scope and focus areas

- The evaluation will build on previous FCPF evaluations and other relevant studies, examining FCPF operations to date and with a particular focus on the recent period from 2018 to present.
- It will be global in its geographic scope, covering the Readiness Fund portfolio of 47 countries and the Carbon Fund portfolio of 15 countries across Africa, Latin America and the Caribbean, and Asia.



Analyze and assess progress to date against stated objectives, including final evaluation of Readiness Fund, progress evaluation of Carbon Fund, non-carbon benefits and broader impacts on country-level REDD+ activities.



Learning-oriented and forward-looking, identifying opportunities for enhancing efficiency and effectiveness as the program advances.



Provide lessons for other national and international REDD+ programs and initiatives.





### Key focus areas

#### Relevance and coherence

- ➤ Responsiveness to context and needs of counterparts, beneficiaries and stakeholders
- > Expected carbon and non-carbon benefits
- ➤ Relevance to evolving climate, development and/or sustainable forests goals or policies of host countries and global priorities
- ➤ Adaptation based on ongoing lessons learned and to exogenous challenges of COVID-19 and food, fuel and debt crises
- ➤ Coordination and collaboration with, and influence on, other national or global programs in the REDD+/forestry and climate change sectors





### Key focus areas

#### Efficiency and effectiveness

- ➤ Timeliness and cost-effectiveness vis-à-vis expectations, country/program realities
- > Efficiency/efficacy of FCPF management and governance systems or functions
- > Progress towards expected outputs and outcomes
- > Progress/effectiveness of grant programs and ERPD development processes
- > Key factors or barriers to advancing readiness and transition to Carbon Fund
- ➤ MRV support and contributions to ERPD/ERPA processes
- ➤ Gender mainstreaming, IP engagement, capacity building, and other social inclusion efforts
- > Private sector engagement
- Non-carbon sustainable development co-benefits (livelihoods, biodiversity, etc.)





### Key focus areas

#### Impact and sustainability

- ➤ Impacts to date (intended and unintended, positive and negative) of FCPF activities, including carbon and non-carbon benefits as well as knowledge, communications and learning
- ➤ Influence on broader REDD+ country strategies/programs and adoption of FCPF lessons learned and approaches
- ➤ Factors that may influence sustainability of FCPF-financed activities and approaches
- ➤ Key lessons learned from FCPF implementation to help improve the future implementation of FCPF and other similar programs





# Methodology

- Theory-based and realist evaluation approach, using range of quantitative and qualitative data collection and analysis methods in response to learning questions.
- Evidence-based, triangulated findings and recommendations, with multiple data sources and transparency/clarity on application and limitations.
- Specific methodologies to be proposed by independent evaluation firm in collaboration with FMT and EOC. These will include, at a minimum:
  - a. Portfolio review to analyze overall data and trends
  - Desk review of relevant published and grey literature, program documents, existing data sets, and other reports or information
  - c. At least 5-7 in-depth country case studies with field visits (as feasible), in addition to other lighter-touch case studies using remote interviews, secondary literature review, etc.
  - d. Other methods including document review, interviews, site visits, and other forms of stakeholder feedback including surveys or focus groups.





# Q&A on evaluation process, approach and key focus areas

- 1. Are there any questions or comments on the evaluation process and approach?
- 2. Are the key focus areas consistent with expectations? What other priority areas would you like to see covered in the evaluation?







Thank you!