



**FORTALECIMIENTO**  
DE LAS CONDICIONES HABILITANTES  
DE LA ESTRATEGIA NACIONAL EICDGB

# Colombia REDD+ Readiness Assessment R-Package









# Our purpose

**Recognize** the role of forests in mitigating climate change and the need to reduce forest degradation and thereby emissions associated with land-use changes



# Our history



2010 – 2014

## 1st FCPF Grant

**Preparation route** for the formulation of the national REDD+ strategy



2015 – 2019

## 2d FCPF Grant

**Formulation** of the Comprehensive Strategy to Control Deforestation and Forest Management - EICDGB



2018 – 2022

## 3rd FCPF Grant

**Strengthening of implementation capacities** to create conditions that allow reducing deforestation through the implementation of the EICDGB

Administrator and implementer:









**State**



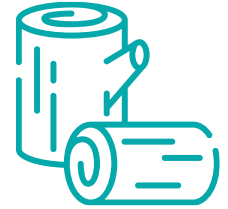
**Degradation**



**Difficult access**



**Economic  
Interests**



**Deforestation**



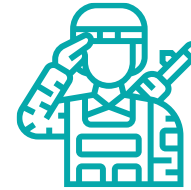
**Forest**



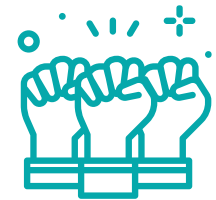
**Forest-dependent  
communities**



**Poverty**



**Armed  
conflict**



**Base  
organization**

# Milestones on this path



# 1. Recognizing the value of the forest from the national policy



Until the end of the  
20th century

Land Civilization approach  
forests as nation's assets that  
**can be exploited and used**  
forests as a **source of wood and**  
land.



2008-2022

Colombia considers its forests as a  
**mechanism to improve its resilience**  
to **Climate Change.**



2023-2026

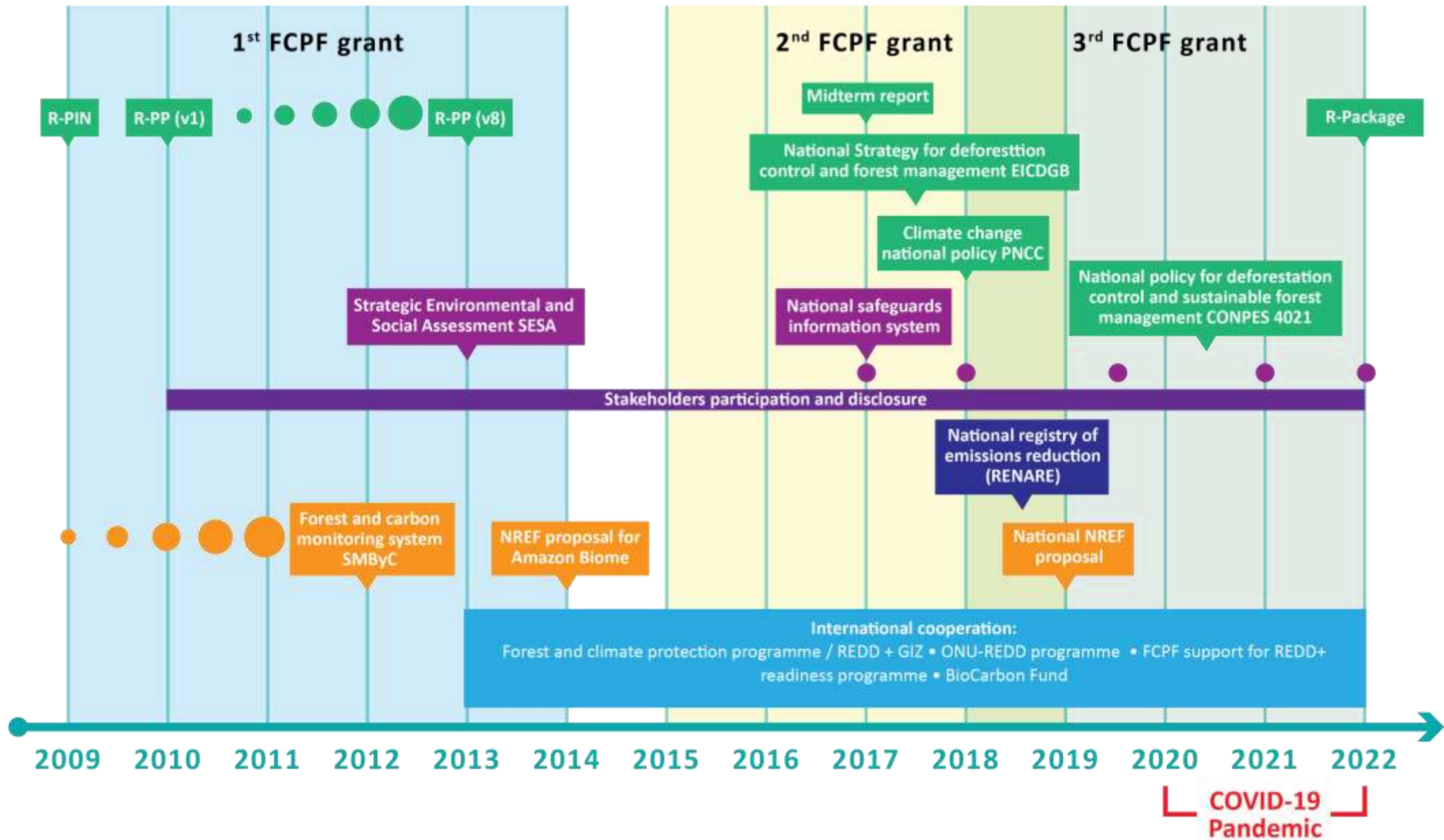
**Near future**

**Forest socioecosystem as the**  
**most important asset in**  
Colombia.

A future base on **forest and green**  
**economy.**

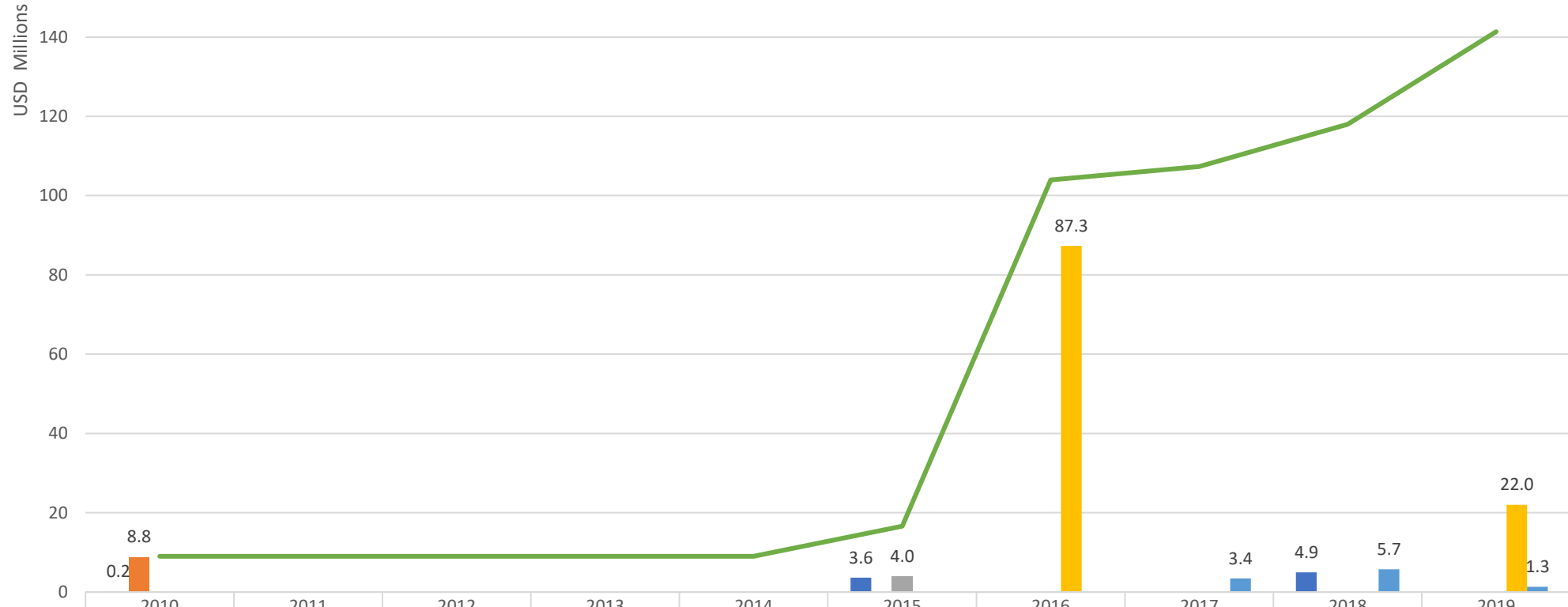


# Colombia readiness activities





# Flow of resources by source and year for the REDD+ readiness process



	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
FCPF	200,000					3,600,000			4,930,000	
Germany - BMZ	8,808,000									
ONU-REDD						4,000,000				
Norway - Germany - UK							87,337,171			22,000,000
Germany - IKI BMUB								3,413,056	5,725,028	1,321,200
Cumulative total	9,008,000	9,008,000	9,008,000	9,008,000	9,008,000	16,608,000	103,945,171	107,358,227	118,013,255	141,334,455

■ FCPF   
 ■ Germany - BMZ   
 ■ ONU-REDD   
 ■ Norway - Germany - UK   
 ■ Germany - IKI BMUB   
 — Cumulative total



## 2. Communities, protagonists in participatory construction

2

National participation tables.

8

Regional participation tables in 5 regions of the country.

8.862

people participated in these spaces.

We have the participation of: **women, afros, indigenous people, peasants, government institutions, grassroots organizations, NGO.**



# 3. From planning to action

## Capacity built

**9 Tailor-made (personalized) intervention models** for areas of high deforestation and agricultural frontier areas.

- Mechanism of **payments for environmental services**.
- **Community forestry** and forest management plans.
- **Green businesses**.

**9 pilots** at the national level in regions with different contexts and realities.







Thanks to the project we have **recovered more than 5 hectares of forest**, we have planted cedar, sajo and many more species that we have recovered.



It was a small investment but of great value, because it allowed us to unite, converse and **formalize out point of view and traditional practices.**

## 4. Ability to resolve environmental conflicts

Design of a **mechanism for feedback and resolution of complaints** for REDD+ through the systems of the Ministry of Environment that is on the air and operating.

**Forest table.**

**REDD+ table.**

**Regional Climate Change Nodes.**





## 5. Participatory community monitoring

People who live in the forest,  
taking care of it

**Green jobs** generated, generating  
well-being and income.

6

Pilots implemented.









# Incidence in politics



## GESTIÓN SOCIOCULTURAL DE LOS BOSQUES Y CONCIENCIA CIUDADANA

### OBJETIVO

Consolidar la gobernanza territorial de los grupos étnicos, comunidades campesinas y rurales, y fortalecer la conciencia ciudadana, a través de la gestión de información y conocimiento para consolidar una cultura de corresponsabilidad para el cuidado y aprovechamiento sostenible de los bosques.



M.1.7

Fortalecer propuestas de comunicación que desde una perspectiva intercultural contribuyan a aumentar la percepción positiva de la ciudadanía en general y tomadores de decisiones, sobre la importancia de los bosques y su papel en el desarrollo sostenible del país.

## 7. REDD+ regional plans

Planning on the forest territory, **understanding the complexity of the territory** by articulating regional and national communities and institutions.

Understanding of the **transformation and territorial dynamics of land use** and consistency with other national policies.





# How did we do it and how did it go?

Overall Readiness Assessment



**79% of the criteria  
are in significant and  
satisfactory progress**







Where we stand out

# Significant progress

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**29%**

3 Subcomponents  
10 Criteria



## Component 1

### Readiness Organization and Consultation

#### SUBCOMPONENT 1A.

#### National REDD+ Management Arrangements

- 2** Operating mandate and budget



## Component 2

### REDD+ Strategy Preparation

#### SUBCOMPONENT 2A.

#### Assessment of Land Use, Land- Use Change Drivers, Forest Law, Policy and Governance

- 11** Assessment and analysis
  - Prioritization of direct and indirect drivers/barriers to forest carbon stock enhancement
- 12** Links between drivers/barriers and REDD+ activities
- 13** Implications for forest law and policy

#### SUBCOMPONENT 2D.

#### Social and Environmental Impacts

- 23** Analysis of social and environmental safeguard issues
- 24** REDD+ strategy design with respect to impacts
- 25** Environmental and social management framework





## Component 3

# Reference Emissions Level / Reference Levels

### Reference Emissions Level/Reference Levels

**27** Use of historical data and adjustment for national circumstances

**28** Technical feasibility of the methodological approach, and consistency with UNFCCC/IPCC guidance and guidelines



Where we stand out

# Satisfactory progress

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**50%** 4 Subcomponents  
17 Criteria





# Component 1 Readiness Organization and Consultation

## Subcomponent 1A National REDD+ Management Arrangements

- 1 Accountability and transparency
- 3 Multi-sector coordination mechanisms and cross-sector collaboration
- 5 Funds management capacity

## SUBCOMPONENT 1B Consultation, Participation, and Outreach

- 7 Participation and engagement of key stakeholders
- 8 Consultation processes
- 9 Information sharing and accessibility of information
- 10 Implementation and public disclosure of consultation outcomes\*

\* In spite that at the self-assessment the assigned color was orange, the independent assessment (TAP) recommended the color yellow due country progress.



# Component 2 REDD+ Strategy Preparation

## Subcomponent 2A Assessment of Land Use, Land- Use Change Drivers, Forest Law, Policy and Governance

- 14 Action plans to address natural resource rights, land tenure, governance

## Subcomponent 2B REDD+ Strategy Options

- 16 Selection and prioritization of REDD+ strategy options
- 17 Feasibility assessment
- 18 Implications of strategy options on existing sectoral policies

## Subcomponent 2C Implementation Framework

- 19 Adoption and implementation of legislation/regulations



## Component 3 Reference Emissions Level/Reference Levels

### Reference Emissions Level/Reference Levels

**26** Demonstration of methodology



## Component 4 Monitoring Systems for Forests and Safeguards

### SUBCOMPONENT 4A National Forest Monitoring System

**29** Documentation of monitoring  
approach

**30** Demonstration of early system  
implementation

**31** Institutional arrangements  
and capacities

### Subcomponent 4B Information System for Multiple Benefits, Other Impacts, Governance, and Safeguards

**32** Identification of relevant non-  
carbon aspects, and social and  
environmental issues





# Need for further development

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**21%**

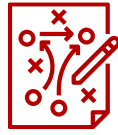
2 Subcomponents  
7 Criteria



## **Component 1** **Readiness** **Organization and** **Consultation**

### **Subcomponent 1A** **National REDD+ Management** **Arrangements**

- 4** Technical supervision capacity
- 6** Feedback and grievance redress mechanism



## **Component 2** **REDD+ Strategy** **Preparation**

### **Subcomponent 2C** **Implementation Framework**

- 20** Guidelines for implementation
- 21** Benefit-sharing mechanism
- 22** National REDD+ registry and monitoring system

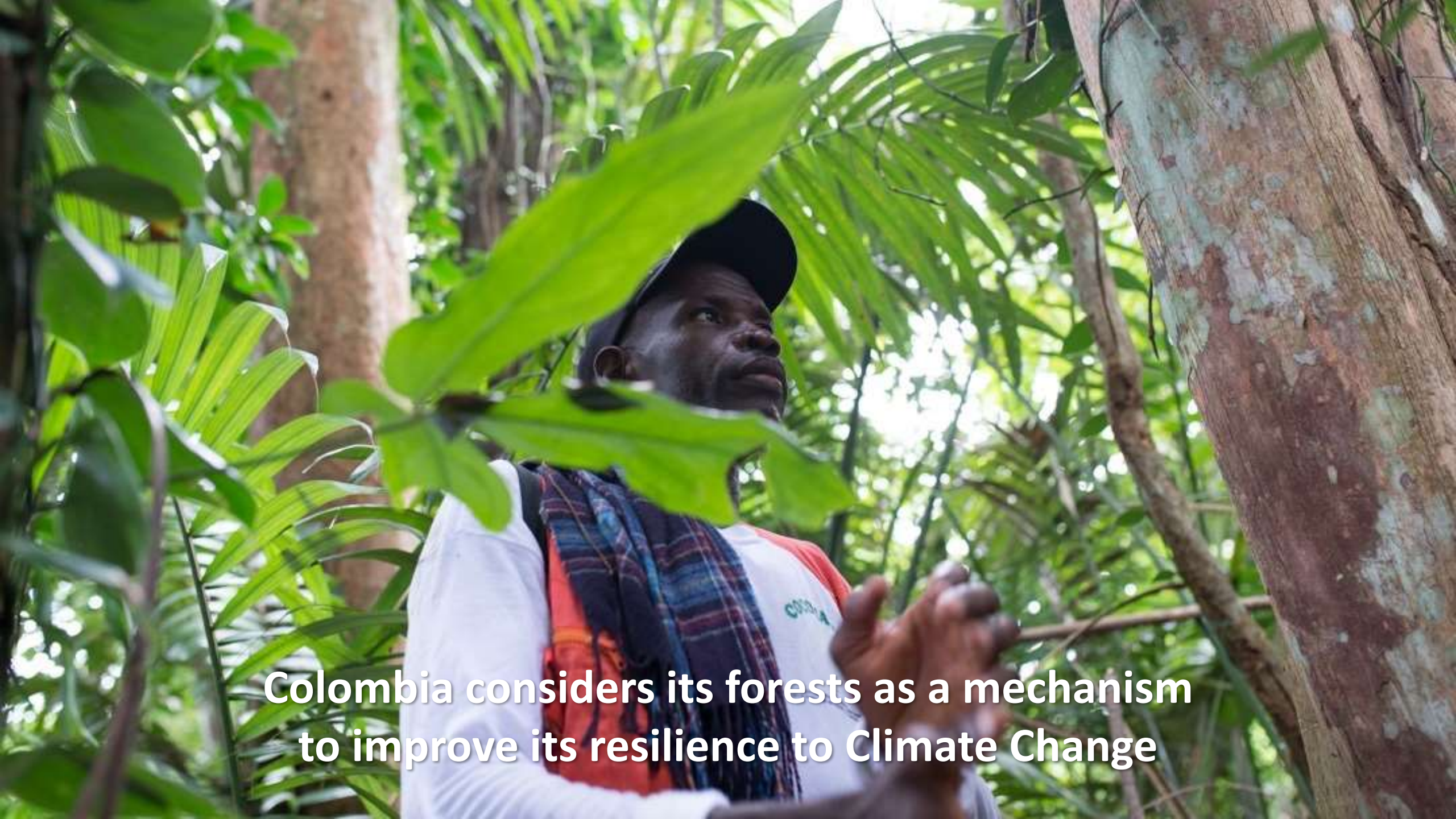


## **Component 4** **Monitoring Systems** **for Forests and** **Safeguards**

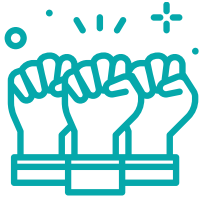
### **Subcomponent 4B** **Information System for Multiple** **Benefits, Other Impacts,** **Governance, and Safeguards**

- 33** Monitoring, reporting and information sharing
- 34** Institutional arrangements and capacities





**Colombia considers its forests as a mechanism to improve its resilience to Climate Change**



**Territorial governance** of ethnic groups, peasant and rural communities.



**Reduce degradation and deforestation** through the cross-sectoral management of policies and regulations.



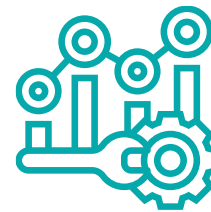
**A culture of co-responsibility** for the care and sustainable use of forests through information and knowledge management.



**Generate reliable, consistent, timely and quality information** on the supply, status, pressure and dynamics of the forest resource.

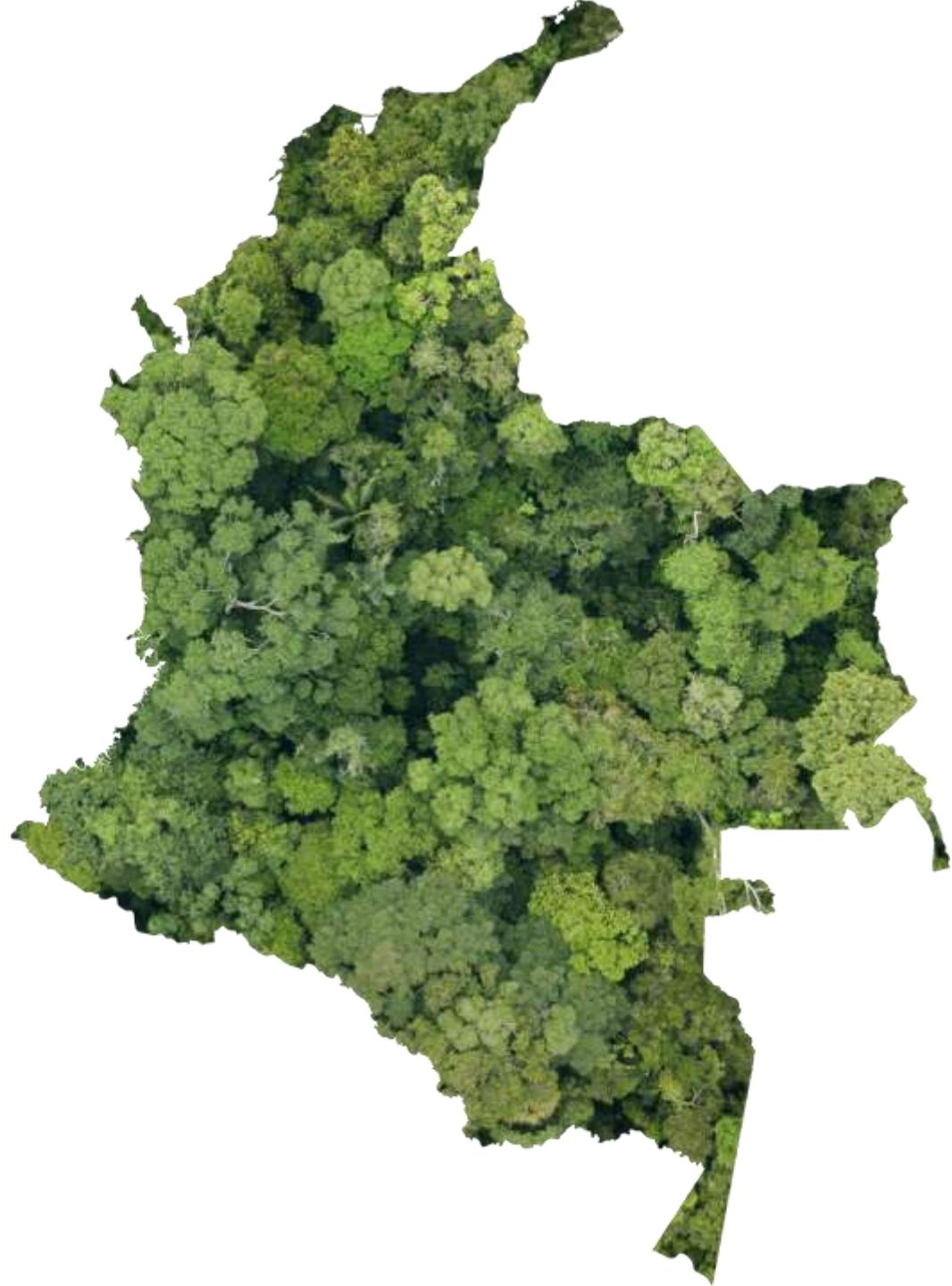


**Forest economy** based on the goods and services of the forests for comprehensive rural development.



**Carry out the institutional, regulatory and financial adjustments** that provide the State with the necessary instruments for forest management.





A man wearing a light blue shirt and a straw hat with a dark band is shown in profile, looking towards the left. He is standing on a hillside with a vast mountain range in the background under a clear blue sky. The mountains are bathed in the soft light of either dawn or dusk, with some peaks appearing golden. The foreground shows dark, silhouetted trees and foliage.

**To promote  
sustainable  
territories**