

Forest Carbon Partnership Facility

Dominican Republic ER-PIN Early Idea

Ninth Meeting of the Carbon Fund (CF9)

Paris

April 2015



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Context of ER-Program Development in DR

- 1. Surface area: 48,190 sq. Km;
- 2. Population: 9.5 million;
- 3. Forest cover : 39.7 %(19,127.8 km2);
- 4. Causes of deforestation: land use change, livestock, agriculture, forest fires, and illegal logging;
- 5. Annual net afforestation: average annual increase of 1% in the last 15 years;
- 6. Floristic diversity: 9,177 species of vascular and non-vascular plants, of which 2,050 are endemic species (34.1%).





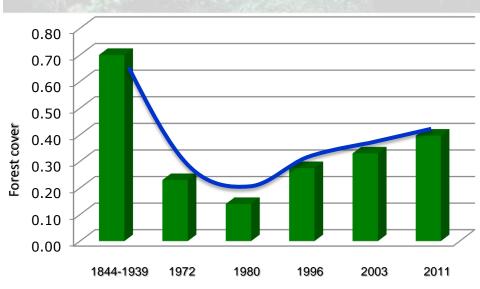
Program Highlights (1/2):

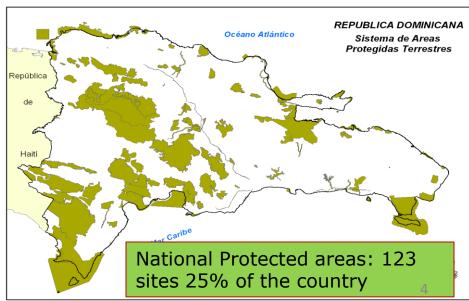
Current Reforestation and Protected Areas sites



Reforestation effort: 54,300 ha on average per year







Program Highlights (2/2): Four strategies for ER-Program

Investment in forests

- •USD 8.0 M/year in reforestation and forest protection
- •USD 6.0 M/year in protected areas

Quisqueya Verde Program Achievements

- •Increased forest cover by 1% per year over the last 15 years
- •99,196 hectares reforested between 1997-2011
- •More than 9,000 direct an 12,000 indirect jobs created
- •14,000 families benefited directly so far

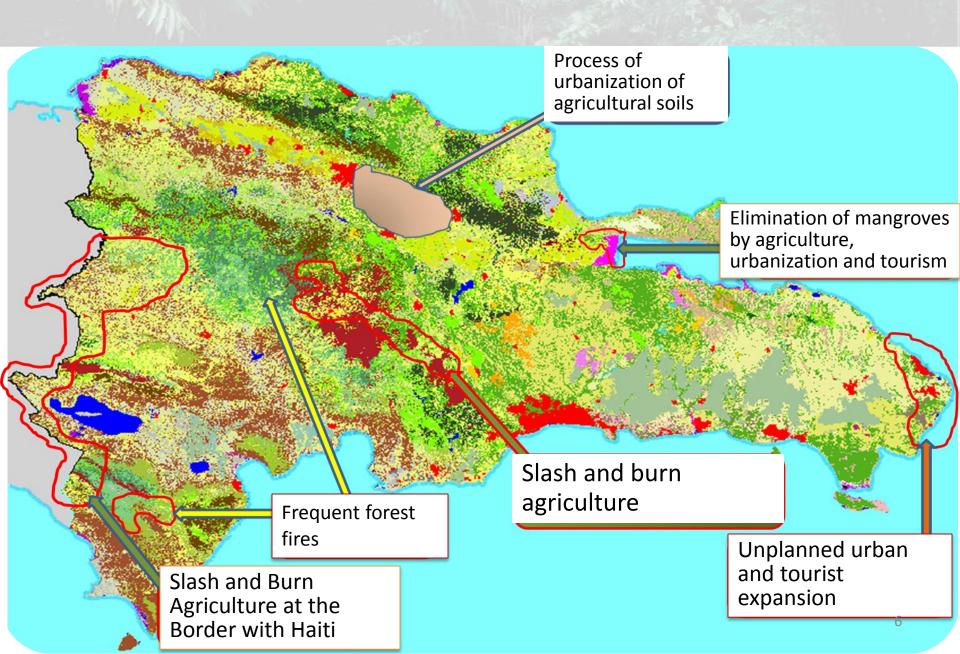
Sustainable Forestry Management

- Granting certificates that guarantee the right to private use of planted forests.
- •921 forest management plans in private farms covered with *Pinus occidentalis*.

Private Sector Participation and PES

- Private sector with a key role to enhance removals of CO2 through sustainable forest use and support entrepreneurial ventures.
- The ER-Program will scale up the Payment for Environmental Services program nationwide.

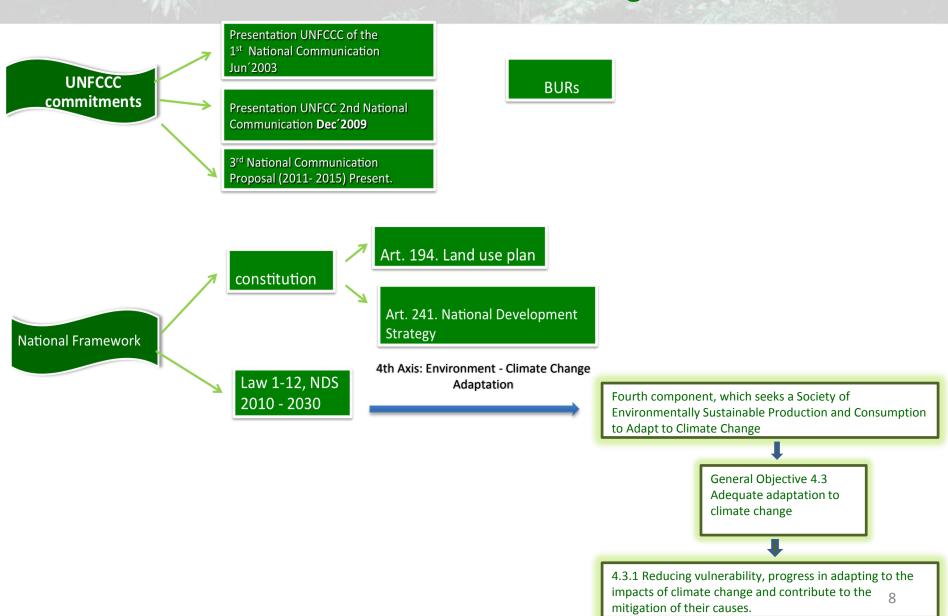
ER-PROGRAM SCALE: NATIONAL



Avoided Deforestation and Degradation Activities on ER- Program

| POLICY OPTIONS | ACTIVITIES | PROGRAMS TO BE STRENGTHENED |
|--|---|--|
| Policies to address agriculture and livestock as drivers | Promote productive activities compatible with conservation and sustainable livelihoods | Sustainable Forest Management Program, Strategy for the Sustainable Management of Soil |
| of deforestation and degradation | Restore degraded lands and protect critical areas | Reforestation Plan Quisqueya Verde, Reforestation Plan Frontera Verde, Fire Management Program |
| Sectorial policies to increase and capture forest rent | Manage protected and other conservation areas | National System of Protected Areas |
| | Empowerment of society to care, and use rationally forest resources | Co-management of protected areas / Caribbean Biological Corridor |
| Transversal policies governing land use | Strengthen political, legal and institutional frameworks for forest management with effective participation of stakeholders Strengthening forest governance and equity Establish a national surveillance, monitoring and control system of the forest for fire management and to reduce illegal trade in | National Environmental Protection Service, National Forest Monitoring Program, |
| | forest products | National GHG Inventory System |

Political Commitment and Legal Framework (1/3): Set in Place for an ER-Program



Political Commitment (2/3):

DR's proposal builds on a strong legal and institutional support to achieve emission reductions







- → Creation of the Climate Committee (ENR Ministerial Resolution 2002)
- → Creation of the National Council for the Climate Change and the CDM (Decree 601-08).
- → Creation of the Climate Change and CDM Directorate of the Ministry of Environment & Natural Resources (Resolution 011-2010).
- → Insertion in the Constitution of the Dominican Republic Article 194:

 "It is a priority of the Dominican State the formulation and execution, by law, of a land use plan that ensures the efficient and sustainable use of natural resources of the Nation, consistent with the need to adapt to climate change".
- → Climate Change Compatible Economic-Development Plan (2011)

Political Commitment (3/3): Institutional Arrangements in advanced stage

REDD+ Steering Committee

- Ministry of Environment and Natural Resources
- Ministry of Agriculture
- Ministry of Finance Planning and Development

Advisory Technical
Committee for REDD+
(CTA-REDD+)

- Public institutions
- Civil society organizations
- Private sector entities

Technical Management Unit of the R-PP

Administrative Support Division

Technical Support Division

Progress towards Readiness

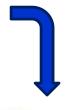
| Readiness activities between 2012-2015 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016- 2017 |
|--|------|------|------|------|---------------|
| Analysis and definition of deforestation drivers | | | | | |
| Identification of actors and strategy options | | | | | |
| National deforestation emissions baseline | | | | | |
| Technical Monitoring Committee of REDD + | | | | | |
| Forest Monitoring Unit | | | | | |
| Training in RL and MRV | | | | | |
| National Forest Inventory based on REDD + criteria | | | | | |
| Quick win Programme for REDD+ actions in the pilot area of | | | | | |
| the upper basin of the Yaque del Norte River | | | | | |
| Establishment and operation of the REDD + mechanism as a | | | | | |
| permanent structure at the Ministry of Environment | | | | | |
| Early dialogue process and development of SESA | | | | | |
| Creation of a Steering Committee on REDD+ by Presidential | | | | | |
| Decree | | | | | |
| R-Package development | | | | | |
| | | | | | 11 |

Methodological Framework: Carbon Accounting -

Reference Emissions Level in Progress

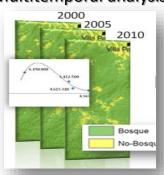
Map dynamics of forest cover change 2000 -2005 - 2010



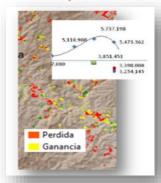




Multitemporal analysis



Loss / Gains



Reference **Emissions** Level (Baseline

2000-2010)

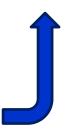
Map of forest types

updated with high resolution RapidEye images (75%)



National Forest Inventories

Stratified by forest type and content of C -Multipurpose- (30%)



Methodological Framework: Level of Ambition

| Concept | Average annual (ha/yr). Reference period 2000 - 2010 | estimated increment of | Annual Emissions/Re movals (million tCO2e/yr) | Estimated Effectiveness | Annual estimated avoided Deforestation and Reforestation/Aff orestation 2017- 2020 (ha/yr) | Estimated annual Emission/Removals | Estimated Emission Reductions (tCO2e) 2017- 2020 | offered | n Reductions I to CF 2017- nillion tCO2e) |
|---------------------------------------|---|------------------------|---|----------------------------|--|------------------------------------|--|---------|---|
| DEFORESTATION | 6,121 | | 1,243,787 | -50% | -3,061 | -621,894 | -2,487,574 | 100% | -2,48 |
| REFORESTATION AND AFFORESTATION | 62,457 | 60,828 | 412,216 | 80% | 48,663 | 329,773 | 1,319,092 | 100% | 1,32 |
| TOTAL | | | | | | 943,068 | | | 3,8 |

| Average emission factor | 203.2 ton CO2e/ha | | | |
|-------------------------|-------------------|--|--|--|
| Annual growth | 6.6 tCO2/ha | | | |

Methodological Framework:

Safeguards Progress to date

- A framework to promote early dialogue with stakeholders was developed in 2014. Currently it is being used for REDD+ strategy participatory development,
- Institutional arrangements for carrying out consultations and participation activities in the project area have been established,
- Workshop to define a national approach to safeguards in the Dominican Republic was carried out on June 2014,
- Safeguards capacity building in August 2014 included targeted training and outreach to key sectors,
- In March 2015 a SESA National Workshop took place as part of the due diligence process of REDD+ Readiness,
- A proposal for a feedback and grievance redress mechanism has been included in the R-PP, and will be built based on existing mechanisms and institutions.

Methodological Framework:

Sustainable Program Design and Implementation

- Benefit Sharing mechanism based on: payment for environmental services (PES) scheme of the basin of Yaque del Norte
- Overview of Land and Resource Rights legislation: The Congress is reviewing the law to formalize the payment for environmental services scheme
- Land use law presented to congress will guide the development of land tenure mechanisms allowing for carbon ownership
- The PES scheme established a registry system of beneficiaries and payments that serve as a foundation for carbon payments



Non-Carbon Benefits:

Biodiversity:

Protection of native and endemic species (34.1% endemism)

Non-Carbon Benefits enhanced

Employment:

Green jobs

- 1. Inclusion of New lands in forest management regime.
- 2. Development of novel forest products industries and community based initiatives

Water:

Main objective of reforestation and protected areas, is conservation of critical watersheds

Dominican Republic ER-Program Summary: Diversity and Learning Value

Dominican Republic is ready for early REDD+ implementation:

- 1. The country has a state policy strengthening for the last 30 years for the protection and development of forests leading to:
 - Political commitment of the Dominican government;
 - Institutional and legal strengthening of forest governance;
- 2. The whole country will benefit from the ER-Program, with a reforestation/afforestation target of 54, 311 ha/year for the next 15 years;
- 3. High interest in degradation of ecosystem services at:
 - Border Region with Haiti,
 - Central Cordillera,
 - Sierra Neyba
 - Sierra de Bahoruco,
 - Eastern Part of the Northern Range;
- 4. CF financing will contribute to the increase of forest cover from the current rate of 1% per year, to 1.15% per year over the next 15 years

